

MINISTRY FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES

IMPORTING COUNTRIES PHYTOSANITARY REQUIREMENTS

ARGENTINA

Status: Approved

Date: 3 July 2001

EXPORTERS ARE ADVISED TO CONFIRM THE PHYTOSANITARY IMPORT REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO EXPORT FROM NEW ZEALAND

Amendment Record

Amendment No.	Date:	Nature of amendment:	Approved by:
19	30 June 2022	Updated all additional declarations that state 'laboratory analysis' under Section 4.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing. Updated additional declaration for Kiwifruit (<i>Actinidia deli</i> cosa and <i>A. chinensis</i>) under section 4.1 Fresh Fruit and Vegetables.	MM
18	23 August 2021	Updated requirements for Beetroot (<i>Beta vulgaris</i>) under Section 4.4.1. Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing.	MLM
17	22 December 2020	Added requirements for Beetroot (<i>Beta vulgaris</i>) seeds for sowing in Section 4.4.1.	MLM
16	3 August 2020	Updated Appendix 1. Quarantine Pest List as notified by Argentina. Added the following pests <i>Callosobruchus chinensis</i> , <i>Callosobruchus maculatus</i> , <i>Callosobruchus phaseoli</i> , and <i>Trogoderma granarium</i> .	FA
15	27 May 2020	Added requirements for Capsicum (<i>Capsicum annuum</i>) and Tomato (<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i>) seeds for sowing in Section 4.4.1. Updated Appendix 1. Quarantine Pest List.	DH/GF

Amendment No.	Date:	Nature of amendment:	Approved by:
14	16 January 2017	<p>Added 299 quarantine pest. Reformatted the presentation of the pest list by providing the pest type, order, family and common names, Appendix 1.</p> <p>Added new section entitled Fees and charges and table title numbers for the prohibited commodities and wood packaging section, section 1.4., 2.1, 2.7 and 2.9 respectively.</p> <p>Re-typed and removed the JPEG file of the inspection protocol for <i>Actinidia deliciosa</i> and <i>A. chinensis</i> agreed under the SENASA/MAFBNZ in March 2010</p> <p>Reformatted the presentation of the amendment record starting with the most recent record of amendments.</p> <p>Removed the Maximum Pest List, section 2.5. MPLs are covered in the MPI Phytosanitary Inspection Standard.</p>	GF
13	14 December 2011	Section 4.4.1. Addition of import requirements for maize (<i>Zea mays</i>), barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>), wheat (<i>Triticum aestivum</i>), cocksfoot (<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>) and rye (<i>Triticum aestivum</i> x <i>Secale cereale</i>) seed for sowing. SENASA correspondence 13.12.2011. Addition of MPL for seed for sowing.	CB
12.	8 October 2011	Removal of freedom from <i>Striga</i> spp. requirement for <i>Dactylis glomerata</i> seed for sowing: (cocksfoot). SENASA correspondence October 2011.	CB
11.	4 June 2010	Import requirements for <i>Trifolium</i> , <i>Festuca</i> , <i>Dactylis</i> and <i>Lolium</i> spp. seed. SENASA correspondence April 2010.	GI
10.	11 May 2010	Clarification of additional declaration required for <i>Actinidia deliciosa</i> and <i>A. chinensis</i> . SENASA/MAFBNZ agreed protocol March 2010	GI
9.	24 March 2010	Amendment of an additional declaration and addition of an <i>inspection protocol for quarantine pests of Actinidia deliciosa and A. chinensis</i> . SENASA/MAFBNZ agreed protocol March 2010.	GI
8.	18 February 2010	Addition of import requirements for carrot (<i>Daucus carota</i>), radish (<i>Raphanus sativus</i>) and onion (<i>Allium cepa</i>) seeds. SENASA correspondence 17.2.2010.	GI

Amendment No.	Date:	Nature of amendment:	Approved by:
7.	14 January. 2009	Update of phytosanitary requirements for <i>Pisum sativum</i> (pea seed for sowing Sec 4.4.1)	SW
6.	3 October 2008	Inclusion of new phytosanitary requirements for <i>Pisum sativum</i> (pea seed) for sowing (refer Section 4.4.1)	JW
5.	21 March 2007	Amendment of MAF contact details Section 1.1	SW
4.	1 February 2005	Amendment of MAF contact details Sections 1.1 and 1.2. Minor reformatting of document.	WJH
3.	12 February 2004	Amendment of phytosanitary requirements for <i>Trifolium repens</i> (White Clover) seeds, refer Section 4.4.1	WJH
2.	14 February 2003	Renaming and reformatting of standard. Amendment to Section 2.5 re MPLs.	WJH
1.	3 July, 2001	Issue of EPS.	WJH

DISCLAIMER

The phytosanitary requirements in this document may be used as the basis for export certification. However, exporters should be aware that importing countries may change their requirements at any time; at short notice or without giving notice to New Zealand.

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Compliance with this document is not to be taken as a guarantee that any particular goods will be granted access to any overseas market. We recommend that exporters work with their importers to obtain the most up-to-date information.

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1 General Information

Users of this document are strongly advised to read all sections to understand the phytosanitary requirements for a commodity.

1.1 For enquires about this standard email the Plant Exports Team:

plantexports@mpi.govt.nz

Please state the nature of your enquiry in the subject line e.g. Argentina query or pest interception or password re-set.

For urgent enquiries please phone + 64 4 894 5693

1.2 Scope

The requirements listed in this Importing Country's Phytosanitary Requirement (ICPR) document apply to product of New Zealand only, unless specifically stated.

This ICPR specifies Argentina's phytosanitary requirements. If a commodity or commodity group is not identified within this ICPR exporters should direct enquiries to:

- Argentina directly to ascertain requirements
- or
- Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI)- Plant Exports

1.3 Phytosanitary Legislation

The following legislation controls the importation of plants and plant materials into Argentina: *ref No596 21st December 2000*

- Regulation SAGyP No. 202/92, Regulation IASCAV No. 416/96
- Resolution SAGPyA No. 728/99
- Regulation IASCAV No. 234/95
- G/SPS/N/ARG/112

1.4 Fees and charges

Please note that the determination and provision of phytosanitary requirements for a commodity not listed within the ICPR may be undertaken on a cost recovered basis. A link to the list of Plant Exports Fees and Charges is available on <http://mpi.govt.nz/exporting/food/fruit-and-vegetables/fees-and-charges/>

2 General Requirements

2.1 Prohibitions

The following commodities are prohibited entry to Argentina, *ref DCV19 29th January 2001*

Table 1. Prohibited commodities into Argentina

Scientific name	Common name	Plant part prohibited
	Soil	All soil prohibited

2.2 Phytosanitary Import Permits (AFIDI)

2.2.1 Phytosanitary Import Permits state the phytosanitary requirements for importation

2.2.2 Phytosanitary Import Permits are required for the importation of the following Commodity Classes from New Zealand:

- Fresh fruit and vegetables
- Fresh cut flowers and foliage
- Nursery stock
- Seed (grains) / nuts (for sowing, consumption and processing)
- Growing media

2.2.3 Phytosanitary Import Permits are not required for:

- Dried fruit and vegetables. Refer Section 2.2.5
- Frozen fruit and vegetables
- Dried cut flowers and foliage. Refer Section 2.2.5

2.2.4 Phytosanitary Import Permits may be requested from:

Plant Quarantine Management
Ing. Agr. Maria de Lourdes Fonalleras
Av.Paseo Colon 367 7th Floor
1305 Buenos Aires
ARGENTINA

Telephone: 00541143316041 Ext. 1327

Facsimile: 00541143425137

Email: mfonal@mecon.gov.ar

ref No.596 21st December 2000

2.2.5 Authorisation Notes

Authorisation notes are required for semi processed plant products such as those which have been subjected to a drying process, peeled or shelled. Exporters are advised to determine with their importer if an Authorisation Note is required. *ref DCV19 29th January 2001*

2.3 Phytosanitary Certificates

Phytosanitary certificates are required to accompany the following commodities from New Zealand:

- Fresh and dried fruit and vegetables
- Fresh and dried cut flowers and foliage
- Nursery stock
- Seed (grains) / nuts (for sowing, consumption and processing)
- Growing media

Phytosanitary certificates are required for packing material where that packing material requires an Authorisation Note. Exporters are advised to determine with their importer if an Authorisation Note is required. *ref DCV19 29th January 2001*

2.4 Quarantine Pests

For a list of quarantine pests see Appendix 1. The scientific name and classification used is checked for accuracy against the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (EPPO) Global database (<https://gd.eppo.int/>). Please note that scientific names remains the definitive name. In addition, MPI will also include synonyms specified by the importing country for use on additional declarations.

Quarantine pests for Argentina include organisms specified in Appendix 1 of this ICPR, additional declarations and/or import permit.

2.5 Ports of Entry

Commodities requiring an Import Permit will state permitted port of entry. Commodities for which a permit is not required are not restricted to entry via specific ports. *ref No 596 21st December 2000*

2.6 Inspection on Arrival

All consignments of imported plant material are subject to inspection by Argentine authorities for phytosanitary purposes on arrival *ref No 596 21st December 2000*

2.7 Sampling Rate

Sampling for inspection on entry will generally be carried out at the following rates.

Table 2. Sampling Rates

No. of units making up the lot to be sampled	Min. No. of units to be sampled
1 to 10	1
11 to 100	2
101 to 300	4
301 to 500	5
Over 500	1% of lot

2.8 Transit

Products from New Zealand transiting Argentina en-route to a third country must meet Argentine phytosanitary import requirements.

2.9 Wood Packaging

Refer to forestry ICPR for Argentina, link below:

<http://www.mpi.govt.nz/law-and-policy/requirements/importing-countries-phytosanitary-requirements/forestry-icprs/argentina/>

3 Commodity Class Requirements

3.1 Fruit and Vegetables

3.1.1 Fresh Fruit and Vegetables

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required. Refer Section 4.1.

3.1.2 Dried Fruit and Vegetables

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required. Refer Section 2.2.5.

3.1.3 Frozen Fruit and Vegetables

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate not required.

3.2 Cut Flowers and Foliage

3.2.1 Fresh Cut Flowers and Foliage

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

3.2.2 Dried Cut Flowers and Foliage

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit not required. Phytosanitary certificate required. Refer Section 2.2.5

3.3 Nursery Stock

3.3.1 Budwood/Cuttings

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

3.3.2 Bulbs/tubers/corms/rhizomes etc.

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required. Must be free from soil.

3.3.3 Whole Plants

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required. Must be free from soil.

3.3.4 Tissue Culture

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

3.4 Seeds, Grains and Nuts

3.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

3.4.2 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Consumption

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

3.4.3 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Processing

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

3.5 Growing Media

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

4 Commodity Specific Requirements

4.1 Fresh Fruit and Vegetables

ref Fax DCV19 January 2001

Actinidia delicosa and *A. chinensis*

Kiwifruit

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. Consignment freedom as per inspection protocol MAFBNZ/SENASA March 2010. Inspection protocol agreed to by SENASA/MAFBNZ March 2010.

- Randomly select a sample of 600 fruit per homogenous batch of fruit.
- Inspect each fruit thoroughly by rotating and inspecting the total area of the fruit
- Examine the calyx and stem ends carefully for phytosanitary pests or rots, removing any debris from these areas when necessary to examine in detail. (If mites are nominated as a quarantine pest by the importing country this step is to be carried out using a x3 Maggi lamp.

- If frass, webbing, holes or other signs of chewing are present which may indicate the presence of a pest, inspect further using any tools available, including a 10x lens, to assist in detecting the presence of pests.
- Cut open fruit with holes to determine if pests are present.

Additional Declaration:

"The consignment is free from: *Ceroplastes destructor*, *Ceroplastes Rubens*, *Cnephasia jactatana*, *Costelytra zealandrica*, *Ctenopseustis obliquana*, *Ctenopseustis serrana*, *Eotetranychus sexmaculatus*, *Epiphyas postvittana*, *Planotortrix excessana*, *Pseudococcus calceolariae*, *Spodoptera litura*, *Stathmopoda plumbiflua*, *Stathmopoda skelloni*, *Thrips obscuratus*, *Tuckerella flabellifera*"

Malus domestica and *Malus communis*

Apple

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. The consignment must be free of leaves.

Additional Declaration:

"The fruit has been treated by immersion for one (1) minute in 100ppm of chlorine and found free from *Erwinia amylovora*"

4.2 Cut Flowers and Foliage

4.2.1 Fresh Cut Flowers and Foliage

Refer Section 3.2

4.2.2 Dried Cut Flowers and Foliage

Refer Section 3.2

4.3 Nursery Stock

4.3.1 Budwood / Cuttings

Refer Section 3.3.1

4.3.2 Bulbs / tubers / corms / rhizomes etc.

ref 1012-ARG-218-01 fax February 1998

Crocus longiflora

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. Must be free from soil.

Additional declarations:

Either, "The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and was found free of *Ditylenchus destructor* and *Radopholus similis*"

or

"The consignment was found free by, laboratory analysis, of *Ditylenchus destructor* and *Radopholus similis*".

and

"The consignment is free from *Otiorynchus sulcatus*"

Hyacinthus orientalis

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. Must be free from soil.

Additional declarations:

Either, "The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and was found free of *Ditylenchus destructor* and *Radopholus similis*"

or

"The consignment was found free by, laboratory analysis, of *Ditylenchus destructor* and *Radopholus similis*".

and

"The consignment is free from *Otiorhynchus sulcatus*"

Paeonia spp.

Peony

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. Must be free from soil ref 1012/ARG/218-01 Fax March 1999

Additional declarations:

"The nursery from which the certified material originates is under the control of, or was inspected by, the New Zealand Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry"

and

Either, "The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and was found free of *Ditylenchus destructor* and *Radopholus similis*"

or

"The shipment is free, according to laboratory analysis, from *Ditylenchus destructor* and *Rhadopholus similis*."

Tulipa gesneriana

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required. Must be free from soil.

Additional declarations:

Either, "The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and was found free of *Ditylenchus destructor* and *Radopholus similis*"

or

"The consignment was found free by, laboratory analysis, of *Ditylenchus destructor* and *Radopholus similis*".

and

"The consignment is free from *Otiorhynchus sulcatus*"

4.3.3 Whole Plants

Refer Section 3.3.3

4.3.4 Tissue Culture

Refer Section 3.3.4

4.4 Seeds, Grains and Nuts

4.4.1 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Sowing

Allium cepa

Onion

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate required and additional declaration.

Additional declaration:

"This consignment is free from *Trogoderma* spp."

Beta vulgaris

Beetroot

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional declaration:

"The consignment was inspected and found free from *Trogoderma* spp."

and

"The consignment was officially inspected during the growing season at the appropriate time(s) for the detection of the pest(s) and was found free from *Apera spica-venti*, *Brassica tournefortii*, *Cirsium arvense*, *Lolium persicum*, *Pentzia suffructicosa*, *Phalaris brachystachys*, *Sisymbrium thellungii*, *Rhodococcus fascians*, Strawberry latent ringspot virus, Tobacco rattle virus, Tobacco ringspot virus, *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *aptata*."

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from *Apera spica-venti*, *Brassica tournefortii*, *Cirsium arvense*, *Lolium persicum*, *Pentzia suffructicosa*, *Phalaris brachystachys*, *Sisymbrium thellungii*, *Rhodococcus fascians*, Strawberry latent ringspot virus, Tobacco ringspot virus, Tobacco rattle virus, *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *aptata*."

Capsicum annuum

Capsicum

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional declaration:

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from Columnea latent viroid, Pepper chat fruit viroid, Tomato apical stunt viroid, *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* pv. *perforans*, *Xanthomonas cynarae* pv. *gardneri*, *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* pv. *euvesicatoria*"

Dactylis glomerata

Orchard Grass/Cocksfoot

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional declarations:

"The consignment is free of *Trogoderma* spp."

and either

"The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found to be free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Anguina agrostis*"

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Anguina*

agrostis"

Daucus carota

Carrot

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate required and additional declaration.

Additional declaration:

"This consignment is free from *Trogoderma* spp."

Festuca x Lolium

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional declarations:

"This consignment is free from *Trogoderma* spp."

And either

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Anguina agrostis*, *Anguina funesta*, *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula* and *Hieracium pilosella*"

or

"The cultivation was officially inspected during the period of growth and found to be free from *Anguina agrostis*, *Anguina funesta*, *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula* and *Hieracium pilosella*"

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from *Anguina agrostis*, *Anguina funesta*, *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula* and *Hieracium pilosella*"

Festuca arundinacea

Tall fescue

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional declarations:

"The consignment is free of *Trogoderma* spp."

and either

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Anguina agrostis*"

or

"The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found to be free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Anguina agrostis*"

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Anguina agrostis*"

Festuca rubra

Red fescue

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional declarations:

"The consignment is free of *Trogoderma* spp."

and either

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia*

esula, *Hieracium pilosella*, *Anguina funesta* and *Anguina agrostis*”

or

“The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found to be free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella*, *Anguina funesta* and *Anguina agrostis*”

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella*, *Anguina funesta* and *Anguina agrostis*”

Hordeum vulgare

Barley

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional declarations:

“The consignment is free of *Trogoderma* spp.”

And either

“The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Anguina tritici*, *Anguina agrostis* and *Euphorbia esula*”

or

“The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found to be free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Anguina tritici*, *Anguina agrostis* and *Euphorbia esula*”

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from *Cirsium arvense*, *Anguina tritici*, *Anguina agrostis* and *Euphorbia esula*”

Lolium boucheanum

Ryegrass hybrid

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional declarations:

“The consignment is free of *Trogoderma* spp.”

and either

“The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella*, *Anguina funesta* and *Anguina agrostis*”

or

“The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found to be free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella*, *Anguina funesta* and *Anguina agrostis*”

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella*, *Anguina funesta* and *Anguina agrostis*”

Lolium hybridum

Ryegrass hybrid

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional declarations:

“The consignment is free of *Trogoderma* spp.”

and either

“The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia*

esula, Hieracium pilosella, Anguina funesta and Anguina agrostis"

or

"The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found to be free from *Cirsium arvense, Euphorbia esula, Hieracium pilosella, Anguina funesta and Anguina agrostis*"

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from *Cirsium arvense, Euphorbia esula, Hieracium pilosella, Anguina funesta and Anguina agrostis*"

Lolium multiflorum and *Lolium multiflorum x Lolium perenne*

Annual ryegrass

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional declarations:

"The consignment is free of *Trogoderma* spp."

and either

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Cirsium arvense, Euphorbia esula, Hieracium pilosella, Anguina funesta and Anguina agrostis*"

or

"The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found to be free from *Cirsium arvense, Euphorbia esula, Hieracium pilosella, Anguina funesta and Anguina agrostis*"

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from *Cirsium arvense, Euphorbia esula, Hieracium pilosella, Anguina funesta and Anguina agrostis*"

Lolium perenne

Perennial ryegrass

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional declarations:

"The consignment is free of *Trogoderma* spp."

and either

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Cirsium arvense, Euphorbia esula, Hieracium pilosella, Anguina funesta and Anguina agrostis*"

or

"The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found to be free from *Cirsium arvense, Euphorbia esula, Hieracium pilosella, Anguina funesta and Anguina agrostis*"

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from *Cirsium arvense, Euphorbia esula, Hieracium pilosella, Anguina funesta and Anguina agrostis*"

Omithopus sativus

Serradella/Birds foot trefoil

Conditions:

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional declarations:

Either

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Cirsium arvense*"

or

"The cultivation was officially inspected during the period of growth and found to be free from *Cirsium arvense*"

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from *Cirsium arvense*"

Pisum sativum

Pea

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit and phytosanitary certificate required.

Additional declarations:

"The consignment is free of *Trogoderma* spp."

and

"The crop has been subjected to official inspection during the growing stage and found free of *Pea mosaic virus* and *Pea seedborne mosaic virus* as determined by laboratory testing."

or

"The consignment is free of *Pea mosaic virus* and *Pea seedborne mosaic virus*"

Raphanus sativus

Radish

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate required and additional declaration.

Additional declaration:

"This consignment is free from *Trogoderma* spp."

Solanum lycopersicum

Tomato

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional declarations:

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from Columnnea latent viroid, Pepper chat fruit viroid, Tomato apical stunt viroid, *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* pv. *perforans*, *Xanthomonas cynarae* pv. *gardneri*, *Xanthomonas euvesicatoria* pv. *euvesicatoria*"

Trifolium fragiferum

Strawberry clover

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional declarations:

"The consignment is free of *Trogoderma* spp."

and

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Orobancha* spp."

or

"The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found free of *Orobancha* spp."

and either

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Clavibacter michiganensis* spp. *insidiosus*"

or

"The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found to be free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Clavibacter michiganensis* spp. *insidiosus*"

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Clavibacter michiganensis* spp. *insidiosus*"

Trifolium alexandrinum, *T.ambiguum*, *T.balansae* (*T.michelianum*), *T.caucasicum*, *T.hibridum*, *T.incarnatus*, *T.resupinatum* (*T.suaveolens*), *T.vesiculosum* Red clover

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional declarations:

"The consignment is free of *Trogoderma* spp."

and

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Orobanche* spp."

or

"The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found free of *Orobanche* spp."

and either

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Clavibacter michiganensis* spp. *insidiosus*"

or

"The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found to be free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Clavibacter michiganensis* spp. *insidiosus*"

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Clavibacter michiganensis* spp. *insidiosus*"

Trifolium pratense

Red clover

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional declarations:

"The consignment is free of *Trogoderma* spp."

and

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Orobanche* spp."

or

"The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found free of *Orobanche* spp."

and either

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Clavibacter michiganensis* spp. *insidiosus*"

or

"The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found to be free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Clavibacter michiganensis* spp. *insidiosus*"

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No.

(.....)" from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Clavibacter michiganensis* spp. *insidiosus*"

Trifolium repens

White clover

Conditions: ref email MFAT

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional declarations:

"The consignment is free of *Trogoderma* spp."

And either

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Orobanche* spp."

or

"The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found free of *Orobanche* spp."

and either

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Clavibacter michiganensis* spp. *insidiosus*"

or

"The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found to be free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Clavibacter michiganensis* spp. *insidiosus*"

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Clavibacter michiganensis* spp. *insidiosus*"

Trifolium subterraneum

Subterranean clover

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional declarations:

"The consignment is free of *Trogoderma* spp."

And either

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Orobanche* spp." or

"The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found free of *Orobanche* spp."

and either

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Clavibacter michiganensis* spp. *insidiosus*"

or

"The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found to be free from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Clavibacter michiganensis* spp. *insidiosus*"

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from *Cirsium arvense*, *Euphorbia esula*, *Hieracium pilosella* and *Clavibacter michiganensis* spp. *insidiosus*"

Triticum aestivum

Wheat

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional declarations:

"The consignment is free of *Trogoderma* spp."

And either

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Cirsium arvense* and *Anguina tritici*"

or

"The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found to be free from *Cirsium arvense* and *Anguina tritici*"

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from *Cirsium arvense* and *Anguina tritici*"

Triticum aestivum x Secale cereale

Rye

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declarations required.

Additional declarations:

"The consignment is free of *Trogoderma* spp."

And either

"The seeds come from a production area which is free from *Cirsium arvense* and *Anguina tritici*"

or

"The crop was officially inspected during the period of growth and found to be free from *Cirsium arvense* and *Anguina tritici*"

or

"The consignment was found free, as per the results of official laboratory analysis No. (.....)" from *Cirsium arvense* and *Anguina tritici*"

Zea mays

Maize

Conditions:

Phytosanitary import permit required. Phytosanitary certificate and additional declaration required.

Additional declaration:

"The consignment is free of *Trogoderma* spp."

4.4.2 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Consumption

Refer Section 3.4.2

4.4.3 Seeds, Grains and Nuts for Processing

Refer Section 3.4.3

Appendix 1. Quarantine Pests as Notified by Argentina

PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Arachnids (mites and spiders)	Acarida	Eriophyidae	<i>Ditrymacus athiasellus</i>	
			<i>Eriophyes mangiferae</i> syn. <i>Aceria mangiferae</i>	mango bud mite
			<i>Phyllocoptes unguiculatus</i> syn. <i>Aculops unguiculatus</i>	
		Nymphalidae	<i>Brevipalpus californicus</i>	scarlet mite
		Tarsonemidae	<i>Steneotarsonemus pallidus</i> syn. <i>Phytonemus pallidus</i>	begonia mite
		Tenuipalpidae	<i>Brevipalpus lewisi</i>	citrus flat mite
			<i>Brevipalpus russulus</i>	
			<i>Raoiella indica</i>	coconut mite
		Tetranychidae	<i>Amphitetranychus viennensis</i>	hawthorn spider mite
			<i>Eotetranychus carpini</i>	yellow mite, yellow spider mite
			<i>Eotetranychus sexmaculatus</i>	
			<i>Eutetranychus orientalis</i>	citrus brown mite

Source: Scientific name and classification used was checked for accuracy against the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (EPPO) Global database (<https://gd.eppo.int/>), 9-13 January 2017.

PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Arachnids (mites and spiders)	Acarida	Tetranychidae	<i>Tetranychus cinnabarinus</i>	
			<i>Tetranychus pacificus</i>	
			<i>Tetranychus mcdanieli</i>	McDaniel spider mite
			<i>Tetranychus turkestanii</i>	strawberry spider mite
		Tuckerellidae	<i>Tuckerella flabellifera</i>	
Insects	Coleoptera	Bostrichidae	<i>Amphicerus cornutus</i>	powderpost bostrichid, western twig borer
			<i>Apate monachus</i>	black borer, date palm bostrichid
			<i>Bostrichopsis uncinata</i>	
			<i>Bostrichus vitis</i> syn. <i>Micrapate scabrata</i>	
			<i>Heterobostrychus aequalis</i>	kapok borer
			<i>Micrapate brasiliensis</i>	
			<i>Micrapate scabrata</i>	
			<i>Prostephanus truncatus</i>	greater grain borer; scania beetle
			<i>Psiloptera hirtomaculata</i>	
			<i>Sinoxylon</i> spp.	false powder-post beetle, feather-horned borer

Source: Scientific name and classification used was checked for accuracy against the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (EPPO) Global database (<https://gd.eppo.int/>), 9-13 January 2017.

PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Insects	Coleoptera (beetles and weevils)	Bruchidae	<i>Callosobruchus chinensis</i>	adzuki bean weevil, Chinese bruchid, oriental cowpea bruchid
			<i>Callosobruchus maculatus</i>	four-spotted bean weevil, southern cowpea weevil, spotted cowpea bruchid
			<i>Callosobruchus phaseoli</i>	
		Melyridae	<i>Astylus antis</i>	
		Curculionidae	<i>Aegorhinus phaleratus</i>	
			<i>Amphicranus rasilis</i>	
			<i>Anthonomus bisignifer</i>	Japanese strawberry blossom weevil, Japanese strawberry weevil
			<i>Anthonomus grandis</i>	boll weevil, cotton boll weevil, thurberia weevil
			<i>Anthonomus eugenii</i>	pepper weevil
			<i>Anthonomus musculus</i>	
			<i>Anthonomus pomorum</i>	apple blossom weevil
			<i>Anthonomus pyri</i>	apple bud weevil
			<i>Anthonomus signatus</i>	strawberry bud weevil, strawberry clipper
			<i>Anthonomus vestitus</i>	Peruvian cotton ball weevil
			<i>Brachycerus spp.</i>	
			<i>Conotrachelus aguacatae</i>	avocado weevil
			<i>Conotrachelus nenuphar</i>	plum curculio, plum weevil
			<i>Conotrachelus perseae</i>	

Source: Scientific name and classification used was checked for accuracy against the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (EPPO) Global database (<https://gd.eppo.int/>), 9-13 January 2017.

PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Insects	Coleoptera (beetles and weevils)	Curculionidae	<i>Copturus aguacatae</i> syn. <i>Macrocopturus aguacatae</i>	
			<i>Corthylocurus vernaculus</i>	
			<i>Cryptorhynchus lapathi</i>	poplar and willow borer, willow beetle, willow weevil
			<i>Cryptocarenum diadematus</i>	
			<i>Cryptocarenum schaufussi</i>	
			<i>Cryptocarenum seriatus</i>	
			<i>Epicaerus cognatus</i>	Mexican potato weevil
			<i>Geniocremanus chilensis</i>	
			<i>Heilipus albopictus</i>	
			<i>Heilipus lauri</i>	avocado seed weevil, avocado weevil
			<i>Heilipus pittieri</i>	
			<i>Heilipus trifasciatus</i>	
			<i>Hylobius abietis</i>	fir weevil
			<i>Hylobius pales</i>	pales weevil
			<i>Monarthrum minutum</i>	

Source: Scientific name and classification used was checked for accuracy against the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (EPPO) Global database (<https://gd.eppo.int/>), 9-13 January 2017.

PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Insects	Coleoptera (beetles and weevils)	Curculionidae	<i>Mylocherus undecimpustulatus undatus</i>	
			<i>Odoiporus longicollis</i>	banana stem weevil, banana stem-borer weevil, banana stem-boring weevil
			<i>Otiorhynchus cribricollis</i>	apple weevil
			<i>Otiorhynchus ovatus</i>	strawberry root weevil
			<i>Otiorhynchus rugosostriatus</i>	
			<i>Otiorhynchus sulcatus</i>	
			<i>Pissodes nemorensis</i>	deodar weevil, northern pine weevil
			<i>Premnotrypes</i> spp. (except. <i>P. latithorax</i>)	
			<i>Rhabdoscelus obscurus</i>	cane weevil borer, Hawaiian sugarcane borer, New Guinea sugarcane weevil
			<i>Rhynchophorus palmarum</i>	palm marrow weevil

Source: Scientific name and classification used was checked for accuracy against the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (EPPO) Global database (<https://gd.eppo.int/>), 9-13 January 2017.

PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Insects	Coleoptera (beetles and weevils)	Curculionidae	<i>Sampsonius damfi</i>	
			<i>Sampsonius pedrosai</i>	
			<i>Sternochetus mangiferae</i> syn. <i>Cryptorhynchus mangiferae</i>	
			<i>Tricolus perdiligens</i>	
			<i>Tricolus subincisuralis</i>	
		Dermestidae	<i>Trogoderma</i> spp.	
			<i>Trogoderma granarium</i>	khapra beetle
		Nitidulidae	<i>Carpophilus humeralis</i>	corn sap beetle
		Platypodidae	<i>Platypus linearis</i>	
			<i>Platypus schaumii</i>	
		Scarabaeidae	<i>Costelytra zealandica</i>	grass grub
			<i>Oryctes rhinoceros</i>	rhinoceros beetle
			<i>Popillia japonica</i>	Japanese beetle
		Scolytidae	<i>Corthylus convexicauda</i>	
			<i>Dendroctonus</i> spp.	
			<i>Hylesinus antipodus</i>	
			<i>Hypothenemus bolivianus</i>	
			<i>Ips</i> spp.	

Source: Scientific name and classification used was checked for accuracy against the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (EPPO) Global database (<https://gd.eppo.int/>), 9-13 January 2017.

PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Insects	Coleoptera (beetles and weevils)	Scolytidae	<i>Phloeotribus scarabaeoides</i> syn. <i>Phloeotribus oleae</i>	olive bark beetle
			<i>Scolytus intricatus</i>	European oak bark beetle
			<i>Scolytus scolytus</i>	
			<i>Xyleborus affinis</i>	oak ambrosia beetle, shot-hole borer of sugarcane
			<i>Xyleborus dispar</i>	
			<i>Xyleborus gracilis</i>	
			<i>Xyleborus hagedorni</i>	
			<i>Xyleborus linearicolis</i>	
			<i>Xyleborus neivai</i>	
			<i>Xyleborus obliquus</i>	
			<i>Xyleborus retrusus</i> syn. <i>Xyleborinus saxesenii</i>	
			<i>Xyleborus spinosulus</i>	
	Diptera	Agromyzidae	<i>Chromatomyia syngenesiae</i>	chrysanthemum leaf miner, marguerite fly
			<i>Liriomyza trifolii</i>	American serpentine leaf miner

Source: Scientific name and classification used was checked for accuracy against the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (EPPO) Global database (<https://gd.eppo.int/>), 9-13 January 2017.

PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Insects	Diptera (flies)	Cecidomyiidae	<i>Helicomyia saliciperda</i>	willow shot hole midge
			<i>Mayetiola destructor</i>	hessian fly
			<i>Rabdophaga saliciperda</i> syn. <i>Helicomyia saliciperda</i>	willow shot hole midge
			<i>Thomasiniana oleisuga</i>	
		Drosophilidae	<i>Drosophila suzukii</i>	cherry drosophila, spotted-wing drosophila
		Lonchaeidae	<i>Lonchaea pendula</i>	
		Tephritidae	<i>Anastrepha</i> spp. (except <i>Anastrepha fraterculus</i>)	
			<i>Bactrocera</i> spp.	
			<i>Ceratitis</i> spp. (except <i>Ceratitis capitata</i>)	
			<i>Dacus</i> spp.	
			<i>Rhagoletis</i> spp.	
			<i>Toxotrypana curvicauda</i>	papaya fruit fly
		Yponomeutidae	<i>Prodiptosis longifolia</i>	
			<i>Bladisia</i> spp.	
	Hemiptera	Aleyroididae	<i>Parabemisia myricae</i>	Japanese bayberry whitefly, myrica whitefly

Source: Scientific name and classification used was checked for accuracy against the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (EPPO) Global database (<https://gd.eppo.int/>), 9-13 January 2017.

PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Insects	Hemiptera (aphids, scale and other bugs)	Aphididae	<i>Hyalopterus pruni</i>	mealy plum aphid
			<i>Myzus cerasi</i>	black cherry aphid
			<i>Phylloxera glabra</i>	oak leaf phylloxera
			<i>Melanaphis sacchari</i>	cane aphid
		Aphrophoridae	<i>Philaenus spumarius</i>	meadow froghopper
		Cicadellidae	<i>Empoasca decipiens</i>	
			<i>Homalodisca coagulata</i> syn. <i>Homalodisca vitripennis</i>	glassy winged sharpshooter
			<i>Neoliturus haematoceps</i>	
			<i>Scaphoideus titanus</i>	white-banded elm leaf hopper
		Cixiidae	<i>Hyalesthes obsoletus</i>	
		Coccidae	<i>Ceroplastes albolineatus</i>	
			<i>Ceroplastes destructor</i>	citrus waxy scale, soft wax scale, white wax scale
			<i>Ceroplastes feltyi</i>	
			<i>Ceroplastes floridensis</i>	Florida wax scale
			<i>Ceroplastes japonicus</i>	
			<i>Ceroplastes rubens</i>	
			<i>Ceroplastes stellifer</i>	

Source: Scientific name and classification used was checked for accuracy against the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (EPPO) Global database (<https://gd.eppo.int/>), 9-13 January 2017.

PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Insects	Hemiptera (aphids, scale and other bugs)	Coccidae	<i>Coccus viridis</i>	green coffee scale, green scale, green shield scale
			<i>Protopulvinaria pyriformis</i>	mealy shield scale, pyriform scale
		Delphacidae	<i>Perkinsiella saccharicida</i>	sugarcane plant hopper
		Diaspididae	<i>Acutaspis albopicta</i>	
			<i>Acutaspis perseae</i>	
			<i>Aspidiotus destructor</i>	bourbon scale, coconut scale, transparent scale
			<i>Duplachionaspis</i> spp.	
			<i>Leucaspis riccae</i>	
			<i>Lopholeucaspis japonica</i>	Japanese long scale
			<i>Pseudaulacaspis cockerelli</i>	mango scale
			<i>Selenaspis articulatus</i>	armoured scale, West Indian rufous scale
		Flatidae	<i>Metcalfa pruinosa</i>	mealy flata, mealy lantern fly
		Liviidae	<i>Euphyllura olivina</i>	olive psyllid
		Margarodidae	<i>Icerya seychellarum</i>	Seychelles fluted scale, yellow cottony cushion scale
		Pentatomidae	<i>Halyomorpha halys</i>	

Source: Scientific name and classification used was checked for accuracy against the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (EPPO) Global database (<https://gd.eppo.int/>), 9-13 January 2017.

PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Insects	Hemiptera (aphids, scale and other bugs)	Pseudococcidae	<i>Maconellicoccus hirsutus</i>	hibiscus mealybug
			<i>Phenacoccus madeirensis</i>	
			<i>Planococcoides njalensis</i>	West African cocoa mealybug
			<i>Planococcus lilacinus</i>	cacao mealybug, coffee mealybug
			<i>Pseudococcus calceolariae</i>	citrophilus mealybug, currant mealybug
			<i>Pseudococcus citriculus</i>	citrus mealybug
			<i>Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi</i>	Jack Beardsley mealybug
			<i>Rhizoecus falcifer</i>	root mealybug
		Ricaniidae	<i>Scolypopa australis</i>	passionvine hopper
		Tephritidae	<i>Bactericera cockerelli</i>	
		Tingidae	<i>Froggattia olivinia</i>	lace bugs
		Tortricidae	<i>Aleurocanthus spiniferus</i>	
			<i>Aleurocanthus woglumi</i>	blue grey fly
		Triozidae	<i>Trioza erytreae</i>	citrus psylla, citrus psyllid, two-spotted citrus psyllid

Source: Scientific name and classification used was checked for accuracy against the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (EPPO) Global database (<https://gd.eppo.int/>), 9-13 January 2017.

PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Insects	Hymenoptera (wasps, bees and ants)	Torymidae	<i>Megastigmus</i> spp.	
		Diprionidae	<i>Neodiprion</i> spp.	fox-coloured sawfly
		Siricidae	<i>Tremex</i> spp. (except <i>T. fuscicornis</i>)	tremex wasp
	Lepidoptera (moths and butterflies)	Arctiidae	<i>Hyphantria cunea</i>	American white moth, fall webworm
		Carposinidae	<i>Carposina sasakii</i>	peach fruit moth
		Cossidae	<i>Cossus cossus</i>	carpenter moth
			<i>Dyspessa ulula</i>	garlic borer, garlic moth, onion carpenter worm
			<i>Zeuzera pyrina</i>	moth, wood leopard
		Crambidae	<i>Conogethes punctiferalis</i> syn. <i>Dichocrocis punctiferalis</i>	yellow peach moth
			<i>Diatraea rufescens</i>	
			<i>Leucinodes orbonalis</i>	eggplant fruit borer
			<i>Margaronia persimilis</i>	
			<i>Nacoleia octasema</i>	
			<i>Palpita vitralis</i> syn. <i>P. unionalis</i>	
		Erebidae	<i>Cosmosoma auge</i>	

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Insects	Lepidoptera (moths and butterflies)	Gelechiidae	<i>Anarsia lineatella</i>	peach twig borer, peach worm
			<i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i>	tomato pinworm
			<i>Symmetrischema tangolias</i>	South American potato tuber moth
		Geometridae	<i>Operophtera brumata</i>	winter moth
			<i>Oxydia vesulia</i>	
			<i>Sabulodes caberata</i> syn. <i>S. aegrotata</i>	looper
		Hesperiidae	<i>Erionota thrax</i>	banana defoliating caterpillar
		Lasiocampidae	<i>Malacosoma</i> spp.	
		Lymantriidae	<i>Euproctis chrysorrhoea</i>	brown-tail moth
			<i>Lymantria dispar</i>	gypsy moth
			<i>Lymantria monacha</i>	black arches moth, black-arched tussock moth
			<i>Orgyia</i> spp.	
		Lyonetiidae	<i>Leucoptera malifoliella</i>	pear leaf blister moth, pear leaf miner
		Noctuidae	<i>Agrotis segetum</i>	black cutworm, common cutworm, dart moth

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Insects	Lepidoptera (moths and butterflies)	Noctuidae	<i>Copitarsia decolora</i>	
			<i>Earias insulana</i>	
			<i>Eudocima fullonia</i> syn. <i>Othreis fullonia</i>	fruit-piercing moth
			<i>Heliothis subflexus</i>	
			<i>Mythimna separata</i>	
			<i>Orthosia cerasi</i>	
			<i>Spodoptera exempta</i>	
			<i>Spodoptera exigua</i>	beet armyworm
			<i>Spodoptera littoralis</i>	cotton leafworm, Egyptian cotton leafworm, tobacco cutworm
			<i>Spodoptera litura</i>	cluster caterpillar, cotton leafworm, cotton worm
			<i>Spodoptera ochrea</i>	
		Notodontidae	<i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i>	pine processionary, stone-pine processionary caterpillar, pine processionary caterpillar
			<i>Thaumetopoea processionea</i>	

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Insects	Lepidoptera (moths and butterflies)	Nymphalidae	<i>Opsiphanes tamarindi</i>	
		Oecophoridae	<i>Stenoma catenifer</i>	
		Pyralidae	<i>Corcyra cephalonica</i>	rice meal moth
			<i>Dioryctria abiatella</i>	
			<i>Dioryctria amatella</i>	
			<i>Euzophera semifuneralis</i>	
			<i>Ostrinia furnacalis</i>	corn borer
			<i>Ostrinia nubilalis</i>	
		Sesiidae	<i>Paranthrene tabaniformis</i>	dusky clearwing
			<i>Synanthedon myopaeformis</i>	
		Sphingidae	<i>Agrius convolvuli</i>	convolvulus hawk moth
		Stathmopodidae	<i>Stathmopoda plumbiflua</i>	
			<i>Stathmopoda skelloni</i>	
		Tineidae	<i>Opogona sacchari</i>	banana moth, sugarcane borer, sugarcane moth
		Tortricidae	<i>Adoxophyes orana</i>	reticulated tortrix, smaller tea tortrix, summer fruit tortrix
			<i>Amorbia cuneana</i>	
			<i>Amorbia emigratella</i>	Mexican leaf roller
			<i>Amorbia essigana</i>	

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Insects	Lepidoptera (moths and butterflies)	Tortricidae	<i>Archips argyrospilus</i>	apple leaf roller, fruit-tree leaf roller
			<i>Archips podana</i>	fruit tree tortrix, great brown twist moth
			<i>Archips rosana</i>	
			<i>Argyrotaenia franciscana (A. citrana)</i>	
			<i>Cacoecimorpha pronubana</i>	carnation leaf roller, carnation tortrix, Mediterranean carnation leafroller
			<i>Choristoneura occidentalis</i>	citrus leafroller
			<i>Choristoneura rosaceana</i>	oblique-banded leaf roller
			<i>Cnephasia jactatana</i>	
			<i>Cryptophlebia leucotreta</i> syn. <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>	citrus codling moth, false codling moth, orange codling moth
			<i>Ctenopseustis obliquana</i>	brown-headed leafroller
			<i>Ctenopseustis serrana</i>	brown-headed leafroller
			<i>Cydia</i> spp. (except <i>C. pomonella</i> and <i>C. molesta</i>)	

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Insects	Lepidoptera (moths and butterflies)	Tortricidae	<i>Ditula angustiorana</i>	apricot and vine moth, fruit-tree tortrix
			<i>Enarmonia formosana</i>	bark tortrix; cherry bark tortrix moth
			<i>Epiphyas postvittana</i>	apple leaf roller, Australian leaf roller, light-brown apple moth
			<i>Pammene rhediella</i>	chestnut leaf roller
			<i>Pandemis heparana</i>	apple brown tortrix
			<i>Planotortrix excessana</i> syn. <i>Totrix excessana</i>	orchard leaf roller, greenheaded leafroller
			<i>Platynota stultana</i>	omnivorous leaf roller
			<i>Proeulia</i> spp.	Chilean fruit leaf folders
			<i>Rhyacionia adana</i>	
			<i>Rhyacionia aktita</i>	
			<i>Rhyacionia busckana</i>	
			<i>Rhyacionia bushnelli</i>	
			<i>Rhyacionia cristata</i>	
			<i>Rhyacionia dativa</i>	
			<i>Rhyacionia duplana</i>	

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Insects	Lepidoptera (moths and butterflies)	Tortricidae	<i>Rhyacionia frustrana</i>	
			<i>Rhyacionia logaea</i>	
			<i>Rhyacionia neumexicana</i>	
			<i>Rhyacionia pasadenana</i>	
			<i>Rhyacionia pinivorana</i>	
			<i>Spilonota ocellana</i>	apple bud moth
			<i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>	citrus codling moth, false codling moth, orange codling moth
			<i>Tortrix viridana</i>	
		Yponomeutidae	<i>Argyresthia pruniella</i>	cherry fruit moth
			<i>Prays citri</i>	citrus flower moth
			<i>Prays oleae</i>	olive kernel borer
	Thysanoptera	Phlaeothripidae	<i>Pseudophilothrips perseae</i>	
			<i>Liothrips oleae</i>	
			<i>Liothrips perseae</i>	
		Thripidae	<i>Frankliniella bruneri</i>	
			<i>Frankliniella intonsa</i>	
			<i>Frankliniella parvula</i>	

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Insects	Thysanoptera	Thripidae	<i>Palleucothrips musae</i>	
			<i>Scirtothrips aceri</i>	
			<i>Scirtothrips aguacatae</i>	
			<i>Scirtothrips aurantii</i>	
			<i>Scirtothrips kupandae</i>	
			<i>Scirtothrips perseae</i>	
			<i>Selenothrips rubrocinctus</i>	cacao thrips, red-banded thrips
			<i>Thrips obscuratus</i>	New Zealand flower thrips
			<i>Thrips palmi</i>	oriental thrips, palm thrips, southern yellow thrips
Fungal diseases	Agaricales	Mycenaceae	<i>Mycena citricolor</i>	American leaf spot
	Botryosphaeriales	Botryosphaeriaceae	<i>Stenocarpella macrospora</i>	dry rot of ears and stalks of maize, dry rot of maize, leaf striping of maize
		Phyllostictaceae	<i>Phyllosticta imbe</i>	
			<i>Phyllosticta philodendra</i>	
			<i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i>	blotch of apple

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Fungal diseases	Capnodiales	Mycosphaerellaceae	<i>Cercospora eucalypti</i>	
			<i>Cladosporium cucumerinum</i>	gummosis of cucumber, scab of cucumber
			<i>Mycosphaerella dearnessii</i> syn. <i>Scirrhia acicola</i>	brown spot of pine
			<i>Mycosphaerella fijiensis</i> syn. <i>Cercospora fijiensis</i>	black sigatoka of banana, black sigatoka of banana, sigatoka negra of banana
			<i>Mycosphaerella gibsonii</i> syn. <i>Cercoseptoria pini-densiflorae</i>	brown needle blight of pine, cercospora blight of pine
			<i>Phaeoramularia angolensis</i> syn. <i>Cercospora angolensis</i>	fruit spot of citrus, leaf spot of citrus
			<i>Sphaerulina paulistana</i>	
	Ceratobasidiales	Ceratobasidiaceae	<i>Rhizoctonia tuliparum</i>	
	Chaetothyriales	Herpotrichiellaceae	<i>Phialophora cinerescens</i>	phialophora wilt of carnation
	Chytridiales	Synchytriaceae	<i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i>	black scab of potato, black wart of potato, wart disease of potato
			<i>Synchytrium vaccinii</i>	red gall

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Fungal diseases	Corticales	Corticaceae	<i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> syn. <i>Erythrimum salmonicolor</i>	pink disease of citrus
	Diaporthales	Cryphonectriaceae	<i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i>	blight of chestnut, blight of oak, canker of chestnut
		Diaporthaceae	<i>Diaporthe cubensis</i>	
	Erysiphales	Erysiphaceae	<i>Oidium chrysanthemi</i>	powdery mildew of chrysanthemum
	Helotiales	Dermateaceae	<i>Drepanopeziza populorum</i>	
		Sclerotiniaceae	<i>Monilinia fructigena</i>	blossom blight of fruit trees, brown rot of fruits, spur canker of fruit trees
			<i>Monilinia vaccinii-corymbosi</i>	mummy disease of blueberry
			<i>Sclerotinia bulborum</i>	sclerotinia rot
	Hypocreales	Nectriaceae	<i>Cylindrocarpon macrodidymum</i> syn. <i>Ilyonectria macrodidyma</i>	leaf spot of soybean
			<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f.sp. <i>cubense</i>	Panama disease of banana, vascular wilt of banana

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Fungal diseases	Hypocreales	Nectriaceae	<i>Gibberella circinata</i> syn. <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> syn. <i>F. subglutinans</i> f.sp. <i>pini</i>	pitch canker of pine
	Myriangiales	Elsinoaceae	<i>Sphaceloma fawcettii</i> var. <i>scabiosa</i>	Tryon's scab
			<i>Sphaceloma rosarum</i>	
	Peronosporales	Peronosporaceae	<i>Peronospora tabacina</i>	blue mould
			<i>Phytophthora boehmeriae</i>	boll rot of cotton
			<i>Phytophthora erythroseptica</i> var. <i>erythroseptica</i>	pink rot of potato
			<i>Plasmopara halstedii</i>	downey mildew
	Pezizales	Rhizinaceae	<i>Phymatotrichopsis omnivora</i>	phymatotrichum root rot, root rot of conifers, root rot of soybean
	Phyllachorales	Glomerellaceae	<i>Colletotrichum coffeanum</i> var. <i>virulans</i>	coffee berry disease
	Phythiales	Pythiaceae	<i>Pythium splendens</i>	blast of oil palm, damping-off, root rot
	Pleosporales	Coniothyriaceae	<i>Dactuliochaeta glycines</i> syn. <i>Pyrenochaeta glycines</i>	
		Didymellaceae	<i>Didymella ligulicola</i>	
			<i>Phoma crocophyla</i>	

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Fungal diseases	Pleosporales	Didymellaceae	<i>Phoma foveata</i> syn. <i>P. exigua</i> var. <i>foveata</i>	gangrene of potato
			<i>Phoma tracheiphila</i>	dieback of citrus, wilt of citrus
		Pleosporaceae	<i>Alternaria mali</i>	alternaria blotch of apple
			<i>Bipolaris cactivora</i>	
	Puccinales	Venturiaceae	<i>Apiosporina morbosa</i>	black knot of cherry, black knot of plum, black knot of stone fruits
		Chaconiaceae	<i>Hemileia coffeicola</i>	
		Cronartiaceae	<i>Cronartium</i> spp.	
			<i>Peridermium</i> spp.	
		Pucciniaceae	<i>Gymnosporangium</i> spp.	apple and pear rusts
	Russulales	Bondarzewiaceae	<i>Heterobasidium annosum</i>	butt rot of conifers
	Tilletiales	Tilletiaceae	<i>Tilletia indica</i>	Indian bunt of wheat, karnal bunt of wheat, partial bunt of wheat
	Unassigned	Unassigned	<i>Polyscytalum pustulans</i>	skin spot of potato
	Urocystidales	Urocystidaceae	<i>Urocystis cepulae</i>	smut of leek, smut of onion

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Fungal diseases	Ustilaginales	Cintractiaceae	<i>Tolyposporium ehrenbergii</i>	long smut of sorghum
		Glomosporiaceae	<i>Thecaphora solani</i> syn. <i>Angiosorus solani</i>	potato smut
Nematodes (roundworms)	Dorylaimida	Trichodoridae	<i>Paratrichodorus porosus</i>	
		Longidoridae	<i>Xiphinema brevicolle</i>	
			<i>Xiphinema diversicaudatum</i>	
			<i>Xiphinema italiae</i>	
	Tylenchida	Anguinidae	<i>Anguina agrostis</i>	bent-grass nematode, grass seed eelworm, grass seed nematode
			<i>Anguina funesta</i>	seed-gall nematode
			<i>Anguina tritici</i>	bunted wheat, ear cockle eelworm, grain nematode
		Aphelenchoididae	<i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i>	white tip
			<i>Aphelenchoides fragariae</i>	
			<i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i>	pine wilt disease, pine wood nematode
		Heteroderidae	<i>Cactodera cacti</i>	cactus cyst nematode

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Nematodes (roundworms)	Tylenchida	Anguinidae	<i>Ditylenchus angustus</i>	akhet-pet, dak pora, rice stem nematode, ufra disease
			<i>Ditylenchus destructor</i>	potato root nematode
			<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (raza papa)	bloat disease of onion, brown ring disease of hyacinth, bulb eelworm
		Dolichodoridae	<i>Tylenchorhynchus brevidens</i>	stylet-stunt nematode
			<i>Tylenchorhynchus claytoni</i>	stylet-stunt nematode
			<i>Tylenchorhynchus dubius</i>	
		Heteroderidae	<i>Globodera rostochiensis</i>	golden nematode, golden potato nematode, potato cyst nematode
			<i>Globodera pallida</i>	pale potato cyst nematode, white potato cyst nematode
			<i>Heterodera avenae</i>	oat cyst nematode
			<i>Heterodera schachtii</i>	beet cyst nematode, beet nematode

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Nematodes (roundworms)	Tylenchida	Heteroderidae	<i>Heterodera fici</i>	fig cyst nematode
			<i>Heterodera trifolii</i>	clover cyst nematode
			<i>Heterodera zeae</i>	corn cyst nematode
		Hoplolaimidae	<i>Hoplolaimus coronatus</i>	
		Meloidogynidae	<i>Meloidogyne fallax</i>	false Columbia root-knot nematode
			<i>Meloidogyne hispanica</i>	
		Pratylenchidae	<i>Paratylenchus</i> spp.	
			<i>Pratylenchus coffeae</i>	banana root nematode
			<i>Pratylenchus fallax</i>	
			<i>Pratylenchus scribneri</i>	
			<i>Radopholus similis</i>	banana root nematode, banana toppling disease nematode, burrowing nematode
			<i>Radopholus citrophilus</i>	citrus burrowing nematode, spreading decline of citrus
		Rotylenchulidae	<i>Rotylenchulus reniformis</i>	reniform nematode

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Bacterial diseases	Actinomycetales	Microbacteriaceae	<i>Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. insidiosus</i>	bacterial blight of lucerne, bacterial root rot of lucerne, bacterial wilt of lucerne
			<i>Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. sepedonicus</i>	bacterial ring rot of potato, ring rot of potato, vascular wilt of potato
			<i>Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. flaccumfaciens</i>	bacterial wilt
		Nocardiaceae	<i>Rhodococcus fascians</i> syn. <i>Corynebacterium fascians</i>	witches broom syndrome
	Burkholderiales	Burkholderiaceae	<i>Burkholderia glumae</i>	bacterial grain rot of rice, coloured rice, ear blight of rice
		Unassigned	<i>Xylophilus ampelinus</i>	
	Enterobacteriales	Enterobacteriaceae	<i>Erwinia amylovora</i>	fireblight, twig blight of apple
			<i>Erwinia chrysanthemi</i> pv. <i>dieffenbachiae</i>	
			<i>Erwinia chrysanthemi</i> pv. <i>zeae</i>	
			<i>Erwinia ixiae</i>	

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Bacterial diseases	Enterobacteriales	Enterobacteriaceae	<i>Erwinia pyrifoliae</i>	
			<i>Erwinia salicis</i>	
			<i>Erwinia tracheiphila</i>	
	Entomoplasmatales	Spiroplasmataceae	<i>Spiroplasma citri</i> (Stubborn)	little leaf disease of citrus, stubborn disease of citrus
	Pseudomonadales	Pseudomonadaceae	<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i>	bacterial canker of kiwi fruit
			<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>helianthi</i>	
			<i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> raza 2 (<i>Pseudomonas solanacearum</i>)	
	Rhizobiales	Rhizobiaceae	<i>Candidatus Liberibacter africanus</i> (Huanglongbing - greening disease)	
			<i>Candidatus Liberibacter americanus</i> (Huanglongbing - greening disease)	
			<i>Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus</i> (Huanglongbing - greening disease)	
			<i>Candidatus Liberibacter solanacearum</i> (Zebra chip)	
	Xanthomonadales	Xanthomonadaceae	<i>Aplanobacter populi</i>	

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Bacterial diseases	Xanthomonadales	Xanthomonodaceae	<i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>citri</i> biotipo C y E (<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>citri</i>)	
			<i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>dieffenbachiae</i>	
			<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>gummisudans</i>	
			<i>Xanthomonas cynarae</i> pv. <i>gardneri</i>	
			<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> pv. <i>euvesicatoria</i>	
			<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> pv. <i>perforans</i>	
			<i>Xanthomonas oryzae</i> pv. <i>oryzae</i>	
			<i>Xanthomonas oryzae</i> pv. <i>oryzicola</i>	
			<i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> subsp. <i>multiplex</i>	
			<i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> subsp. <i>sandyi</i>	
			<i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> subsp. <i>tashke</i>	
Phytoplasma	Acholeplasmatales	Acholeplasmataceae	<i>Candidatus Phytoplasma mali</i> (Apple proliferation phytoplasma)	
			Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma	bacco 22A disease, flavescence dorée of grapevine
			Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma	
			Peach rosette phytoplasma	
			Peach yellows phytoplasma	
			Peach X-disease phytoplasma	

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Phytoplasma	Acholeplasmatales	Acholeplasmataceae	<i>Candidatus Phytoplasma pyri</i> (Pear decline phytoplasma)	
			<i>Candidatus Phytoplasma aurantifolia</i> (Witches-broom phytoplasma)	
			X-disease MLO	
Phytoplasma	Unassigned	Unassigned	Apple chat fruit phytoplasma	
			Apple rubbery wood phytoplasma	

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	GENUS NAME	SPECIES NAME
Viral diseases	Picornavirales	Secoviridae	<i>Comovirus</i>	Andean potato mottle virus
			<i>Cheravirus</i>	Arracacha B virus (oca strain)
				Cherry rasp leaf virus
			<i>Comovirus</i>	Bean pod mottle virus
			<i>Nepovirus</i>	Blueberry leaf mottle virus
				Cherry leaf roll virus
				Potato black ringspot virus
				Tobacco ringspot virus
				Tomato black ring virus
				Tomato ringspot virus
			Unassigned	Strawberry latent ringspot virus
	Tymovirales	Alphaflexiviridae	<i>Potexvirus</i>	Cactus virus X
				Cymbidium mosaic virus
		Betaflexiviridae	<i>Carlavirus</i>	Blueberry scorch virus
			Unassigned	Cherry necrotic rusty mottle virus

Source: Scientific name and classification used was checked for accuracy against the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (EPPO) Global database (<https://gd.eppo.int/>), 9-13 January 2017.

PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	GENUS NAME	SPECIES NAME
Viral diseases	Tymovirales	Betaflexiviridae	<i>Vitivirus</i>	Grapevine virus A (GVA)
				Grapevine virus B (GVB)
		Tymoviridae	<i>Tymovirus</i>	Andean potato latent virus
	Unassigned	Bromoviridae	<i>Cucumovirus</i>	Peanut stunt virus
			<i>Ilarvirus</i>	Blueberry shock virus
				Tobacco streak virus potato strain
		Bunyaviridae	<i>Tospovirus</i>	Iris yellow spot virus
		Closteroviridae	<i>Closterovirus</i>	Carnation necrotic fleck virus
				Citrus tristeza virus (razas severas)
				Grapevine Rugose Wood complex disease (Rupestris Stem Pitting, Kober Stem
			<i>Crinivirus</i>	Potato yellow vein virus
			<i>Velarivirus</i>	Little cherry virus
		Geminiviridae	<i>Begomovirus</i>	African cassava mosaic virus
				Bean yellow mosaic virus (Pea mosaic virus)

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	GENUS NAME	SPECIES NAME
Viral diseases	Unassigned	Nanoviridae	<i>Babuvirus</i>	Banana bunchy top virus
		Pospiviroidae	<i>Apscaviroid</i>	Apple dimple fruit viroid
			<i>Cocaviroid</i>	Coconut cadang-cadang viroid
			<i>Pospiviroid</i>	Potato spindle tuber viroid (Tomato bunchy top virus)
				Columnea latent viroid
				Pepper chat fruit viroid
				Tomato apical stunt viroid
		Potyviridae	<i>Potyvirus</i>	Iris severe mosaic virus
				Pea false leaf roll virus
				Pea seed-borne mosaic virus
				Peanut stripe virus
		Reoviridae	<i>Fijivirus</i>	Fiji disease virus
		Tombusviridae	<i>Carmovirus</i>	Carnation ringspot virus
		Unassigned	<i>Sobemovirus</i>	Blueberry shoestring virus
				Southern bean mosaic virus
			Unassigned	Apple green crinkle disease
				Apple ringspot disease
				Apple star crack agent
				Apricot ring pox disease

Source: Scientific name and classification used was checked for accuracy against the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (EPPO) Global database (<https://gd.eppo.int/>), 9-13 January 2017.

PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	GENUS NAME	SPECIES NAME
Viral diseases	Unassigned	Unassigned	Unassigned	Cherry rusty mottle virus
				Citrus impietratura disease
				Grapevine enation agent
				Grooving, LN33 Stem Grooving, Corky bark)
				Sugarcane Sereh disease
		Virgaviridae	<i>Pomovirus</i>	Potato mop-top virus
			<i>Tobamovirus</i>	Odontoglossum ringspot virus
			<i>Tobravirus</i>	Pea early-browning virus

Source: Scientific name and classification used was checked for accuracy against the European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation (EPPO) Global database (<https://gd.eppo.int/>), 9-13 January 2017.

PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Miscellaneous (molluscs)	Sigmurethra	Helicidae	<i>Theba pisana</i>	Mediterranean white snail, sandhill snail, white garden snail
		Hygromiidae	<i>Cernuella neglecta</i>	dune snail
			<i>Cernuella virgata</i>	striped snail
			<i>Cochlicella acuta</i>	dune snail
		Limacidae	<i>Incilaria confusa</i>	Japanese native slug
	Stylommatophora	Bradybaenidae	<i>Acusta despecta</i> syn. <i>Bradybaena despecta</i>	Siebold's globular snail
Weeds	Asterales	Asteraceae	<i>Cirsium arvense</i>	creeping thistle, perennial thistle
			<i>Hieracium pilosella</i>	mouse-ear hawkweed
	Boraginales	Boraginaceae	<i>Heliotropium europaeum</i>	common heliotrope, European turnsole, caterpillar weed
	Brassicales	Brassicaceae	<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>	Mediterranean mustard
			<i>Myagrurn perfoliatum</i>	mitre cress
	Caryophyllales	Polygonaceae	<i>Emex australis</i>	cape spinach, devil's thorn, southern three-corner jack

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PEST TYPE	ORDER NAME	FAMILY NAME	SPECIES AND GENUS NAME	COMMON NAME
Weeds	Lamiales	Orobanchaceae	<i>Orobanche</i> spp.	
			<i>Striga</i> spp.	
	Malpighiales	Euphorbiaceae	<i>Euphorbia esula</i>	leafy spurge
	Poales	Poaceae	<i>Eragrostis plana</i>	
			<i>Taeniatherum caput-medusae</i>	medusahead rye
	Santalales	Santalaceae	<i>Arceuthobium</i> spp.	

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